• The sun stood still in the sky perhaps April 1, 2315 BC and Yao employed Yi, an archer, to shoot at the sun 9 times. Whereupon the sun moved again.

• That is, the sun had finished moving and now earth’s rotation caused the sun to move in the sky.

• Then Yao determined the new stars that would mark the seasons.
Reverse Orbit

• After the sun had revolved around the earth 9 times 180 degrees standing still in the China sky for 9 X 12 hours, the sun was now on the other side of earth and earth flowed into a reverse orbit of the sun.

• This required several other factors to hide this sun miracle from science and keep earth in the same season that you will read about at sunnyokanagan.com/joshua
Jade sighting tube

- "The emperor Yao ordered his ministers Hsi and Ho to make the sighting-tube (lit. horizontal traverse) to observe the degrees of the positions of the stars. The ring and tube were made of hard jade because they wanted the apparatus to endure all weathers and to be always movable, not decaying with age."
  
  *Joseph Needham, Heavenly Clockwork, p62.*
The Seasons

• II Thereupon *Yaou* commanded the He and Ho, in reverent accordance with *their observations* on the wide heavens, to calculate and delineate *the movements and appearances of* the sun, the moon, the stars, and the zodiacal spaces; and so to deliver respectfully the seasons to the people.
Spring

• He separately commanded the second brother He to reside at Yu-e, in what was called the Bright Valley, and there respectfully to receive as a guest the rising sun, and to adjust and arrange the labours of the spring. "The day," he said, "is of medium length, and the star is in Neau; you may thus exactly determine mid-spring. The people begin to disperse; and the birds and beasts breed and copulate."
Summer

- He further commanded the third brother He to reside at Nankeaou, and arrange the transformations of the summer, and respectfully to observe the extreme limit of the shadow. "The day," said he, "is at its longest, and the star is Ho; you may thus exactly determine mid-summer. The people are more dispersed; and birds and beasts have their feathers and hair thin, and change their coats."
Autumn

• He separately commanded the second brother Ho to reside at the west, in what was called the Dark Valley, and there respectfully to convoy the setting sun, and to adjust and arrange the completing labours of autumn. "The night," he said, "is of the medium length, and the star is Heu; you may thus exactly determine mid-autumn. The people begin to feel at ease; and birds and beasts have their coats in good condition."
Winter

• He further commanded the third brother Ho to reside in the northern region, in what was called the Sombre Capital, and there to adjust and examine the changes of the winter. "The day," said he, "is at its shortest, and the star is Maou; thus you may exactly determine mid-winter. The people keep their cosy corners; and the coats of birds and beasts are downy and thick."
Yao’s Canon April 1, 2315 BC. Equinox April 11. 10 days = 700 years in precession. Thus the four stars were visible in 2315 BC.

Spring is in the east in a reverse orbit.
Four Stars, Four Seasons

• The sun must have moved 180 degrees east April 1, 2315 BC, to stand still in the China sky.
• This is 11 days before the autumn equinox.
• The zodiac moves up and down.
• Then the sun must move up the zodiac as if earth had shifted to the 800 BC pole position to keep in the same season = the same zodiac path.
• Then all four of Yao’s stars would be visible in their seasons.
• We are prepared to affirm that three of the men sent to the four borders of China could not have seen the stars, which occupied for the time being the equinoctial and solistical points, culminating on the evenings named. E.G., the first point of Libra could not be seen culminating at nightfall, when the sun is in the first point of Cancer, for it must culminate at 6h. P.M., whereas the sun would not set in any part of China in midsummer much before 7h. P.M., and the stars would not be visible for half an hour after sunset.

• This last fact would stand equally in the way, at the equinoxes, of the observers' seeing their stars culminating, unless, indeed, the time of observation was several centuries later than the date usually assigned to Yaou (B.C. 2356 - 2255), so that the stars to be observed had ceased to be exactly in the solstitial colure.

• From Huangdi not 2696 BC but 2656 BC.

• Likewise Yao not 2356 BC but 2315 BC.
• Because Neaou was probably Alphard, the first part of Hydra - Alpha Hydrae, (Cor Hydra) which transits at 6:04PM on the vernal equinox April 11, 2315 BC before the sun sets at 6:20PM! - Because of the reverse orbit this is the autumnal equinox - Then at 800 BC on this *vernal* equinox March 29 Alphard transits at 7:29PM - one hour after the 6:26PM sunset.

• Earth did not shift. The sun had moved up the zodiac to produce the same effect.
• "Ho" on the summer solstice probably Antares, transits at 6:28PM 2317 BC *before the sunset!* at 7:42PM. By the time Antares is visible it is almost setting! In 800 BC it transits at 8:02PM, 20 minutes after sunset at 7:42PM.

• The position the sun moved to in the zodiac shifted the seasons up the zodiac.
• Heu - Beta Aquarius, transits at 7PM 2317 BC 45 minutes after the 6:14 sunset. In 800 BC it transits at 7:41 PM, more than one hour after the 6:12PM sunset.
• On the winter solstice Maou - Pleiades, transits at 6:07PM 2317 BC one hour after the 5PM sunset. In 800 BC it transits at 7:36PM 2.5 hours after the 5PM sunset.
• Only a zodiac shift can explain Yao’s Canon.
• The shift should be 2 times the days before the equinox – April 1 to April 11.
• $2 \times 10 / 365 \times 26,000$ years = 1400 years.
• = 800 BC not 2315 BC zodiac stars.
Spring in the East

- You can see Scorpius is in the East.
- The sun in 2315 BC was in Scorpius in Autumn where it normally would be.
- Therefore for Spring to be in the East, the sun must move to the other side of the earth.
Precession to 2300 BC?

- Yao’s zodiac in 2315 BC.
- Precession shift to 800 BC.
- Earth did not shift in precession.
- The sun moved to the zodiac position as if earth had shifted.
Yao and Joseph

• Yao may have become emperor when Joseph became governor over Egypt and began the seven years of plenty.
• In Yao’s seventh year there was a unicorn.
• Then began the seven years of drought in Egypt.
• In the 430th Sothis year, Jacob and his sons entered Egypt, 2737 BC – 430 = 2307 BC.
2300 years Before Christ

• The 430\textsuperscript{th} sothis year was 2307 BC which was 2300 years before Jesus’ birth on September 12, 7 BC.

• The sothis calendar had backed up $4 \times 365$ years, 1460 years, because the Egyptians did not keep leap year.

• The end of the sothis cycle was in 1281 BC and not 1320 BC. The 430\textsuperscript{th} year 2307 BC.
Joseph

- Joseph was taken out of prison on Pharoah’s birthday – always April 1.
- Jacob came down into Egypt in the second year of famine, 430th sothis, 2307 BC.
- 2 years back, + 7 years of plenty back = 2315 BC.
- Joseph was made governor over Egypt in 2315 BC.
Joseph/Yao sun miracle

- Genesis 37:9 And he dreamed yet another dream, and told it his brethren, and said, Behold, I have dreamed a dream more; and, behold, the sun and the moon and the eleven stars made obeisance to me.
- A sun miracle was foretold of Joseph.
- This could be the sun standing still in the China sky for 9 X 12 hours, whereupon Yao was made emperor in 2315 BC.
Yao’s 70\textsuperscript{th} year

• Yao’s first year may have been Joseph’s first year.
• Cycles of 60 days and 60 years began on the new moon, January 26, 2636 BC
• It was not recorded what year of 60 Yao was.
• Then Joseph’s 70\textsuperscript{th} year would be when he was 100 years old in 2247 BC.
• Joseph lived to be 110 years.
Joseph matches Yao

- Working back from 1054 BC to cover 120 years, two cycles of 60, that were missed, we get 1174 BC for Wu.
- Working back from emperor Wu’s first year in 1174 BC we arrive at Yao in 2315 BC.
- 1174 + 504 years for the Shang dynasty + 490 years for the Hea dynasty + 50 years for Shun and 97 years for Yao = 2315 BC.
Sun and Planets

• "In his (Yao's) 70th year (2245 BC), in the spring, in the first month.." "A brilliant star issued from the constellation Yih (Corvus), and phoenixes appeared...The five old men flew away like flowing stars and ascended into the constellation Maou (Taurus)."

• The sun moved 180 degrees from Aquarius in February to Corvus.

• The planets, Jupiter and Saturn, moved 180 degrees from Scorpius to Taurus.
Sun and Planets 2

• Or the sun and new moon in August 2245 BC moved from Corvus to Pisces/Aquarius.
• Then the inner planets of Mars, Venus and Mercury moved 180 degrees to Maou/Taurus.
• Jupiter and Saturn were already in Taurus/Pisces and did not have to move out of the way of the sun.
180 Degrees

• The first day of the lunar month on the lunar zodiac began with Corvus.
• Then the next 15 lunar days would count from Pisces.
• Thus 15 days fell from the calendar bean.
28 lunar mansions

Leo

Scorpio

Aquarius

E W N S
The Sun must move 180 degrees

• This was in Chinese Spring, in February.
• The sun would have to move 180 degrees for the inner planets to be in Taurus in February.
• 180 degrees from the sun being in Aquarius in February is Corvus.
• Thus the brilliant star in Corvus may be the sun.
Or the sun moved in August

- If the sun moved 180 degrees on the new moon, August 2245 BC, in Yao’s 70th year, the inner planets, Mars, Venus and Mercury must move with the sun and moon to Pisces/Taurus.
- Then if there was a supernova in Corvus it would be visible because the sun had moved.
Spring in August

• There is the possibility the Chinese then counted spring when the sun was moved to Pisces, even though it was August 2245 BC.
• Normally it would be spring when the sun was in Pisces.
• Then the 3 inner planets moved 180 degrees to Maou/Taurus where Jupiter and Saturn already were.
The Only Explanation

• The only explanation is the sun moved to the other side of the earth and earth flowed into a reverse orbit of the sun.

• Then one year later the sun moved back and earth flowed out of the reverse orbit of the sun.

• Then there was no trace except for this research.
The Reason Why

• The April 1, 2315 BC Julian date for Yao’s ten suns matches the April 3, 33 AD date for Jesus’ sacrifice.

• The seven years of plenty began in 2315 BC.

• The unicorn, phoenix = sun miracle, in Yao’s 7th year = the beginning of the seven years of famine in Egypt.
All Dates Point to Jesus

• The second year of famine was 2307 BC.
• Equals Jacob at 130 years old.
• Jacob born 2437 BC when Isaac was 69, not 60 years old.
• Isaac was born 2507 BC.
• Abraham was born autumn 2607 BC.
• Jesus born September 12, 7 BC.
• All even 100’s to Jesus’ birth in 7 BC.
All Dates Point to Jesus’ Sacrifice

• Abraham born in 2607 BC,
• Went to sacrifice Isaac when he was 38 years old, when his wife Sarah was 127 years old.
• Jesus born September 12, 7 BC was 38 years old when he went to the cross 33 AD.
• From Isaac at 38 years old in 2468 BC are 2500 years to Jesus’ sacrifice April 3, 33 AD.
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